Harmonizing Clinical, Research, and Teaching Aims: Team Care for Patients with Complex Needs

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Faculty Disclosure

The presenters of this session <u>have NOT</u> had any relevant financial relationships during the past 12 months.



Learning Objectives

At the conclusion of this session, the participants will be able to:

- 1. Describe a team-based approach to addressing complex patients' needs.
- 2. Develop engaged and experiential methods for teaching interprofessional learners about team-care for complex patients.
- 3. Demonstrate familiarity with an evaluation strategy and preliminary outcomes data for a team approach for complex patients.

Harmonizing

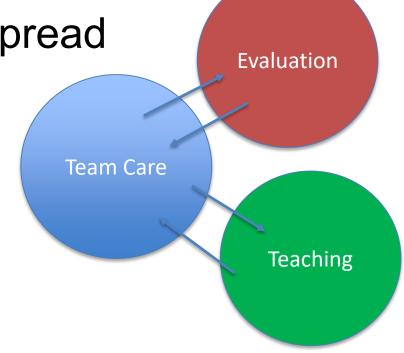
 Team-based approaches accelerating in use (clinical care)



Harmonizing

Team-based approaches accelerating in use (clinical care)

Opportunities to share/spread innovations (research and teaching)

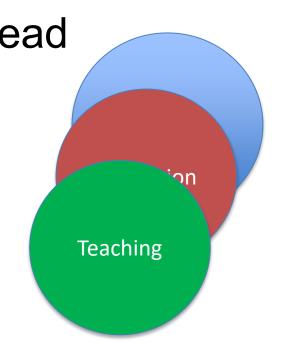


Harmonizing

 Team-based approaches accelerating in use (clinical care)

 Opportunities to share/spread innovations (research and teaching)

 Efficiency in harmonizing those efforts



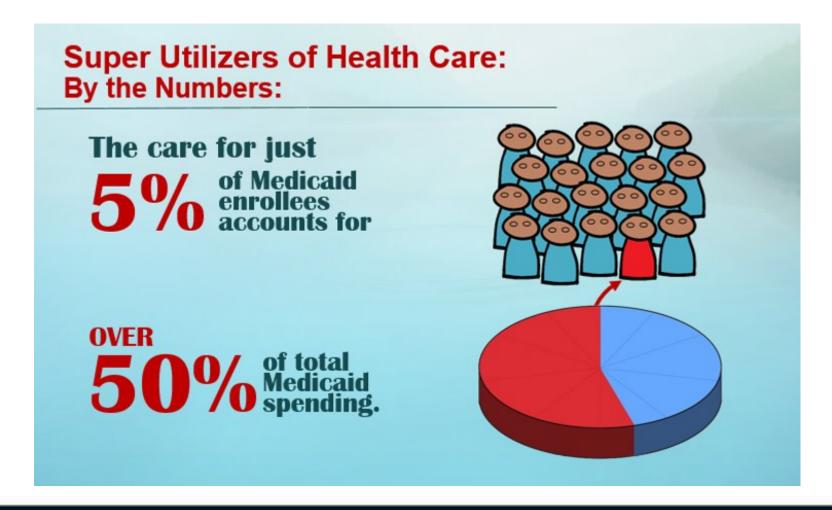
Team Care

Team Based Approach to Patients with Complex Health and Social Health Needs

Patients with Complex Health and Social Health Needs

- Multiple chronic medical conditions
- Social support/determinants needs
- Polypharmacy
- Poor health-related behaviors
- Limited treatment recommendation adherence
- Multiple hospitalizations
- Guarded to poor prognosis without significant intervention

Patients with Complex Health and Social Health Needs



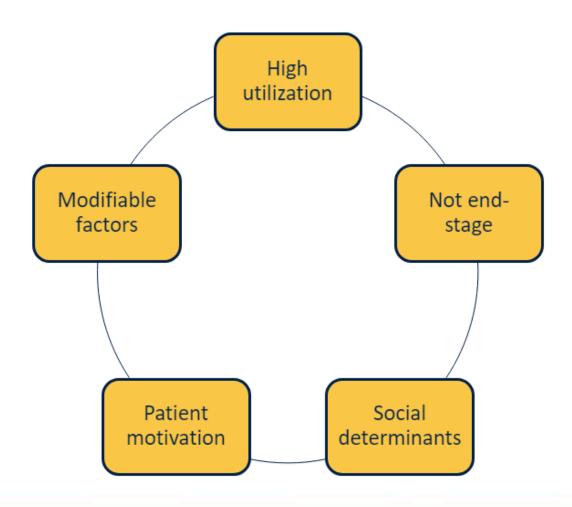
Effect of Complex Needs on Quality of Life



Enter... The Team



Identifying Patients

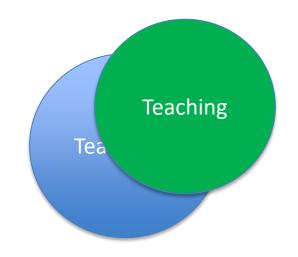


Enhanced Care Treatment Approach

- Screening
- Pre-visit interprofessional huddle
- Interprofessional clinic visit (all members)
- Goal setting
- Follow-up (phone, visits)
- Registry
- Monthly collaborative team meetings



Teaching Activity



Activity

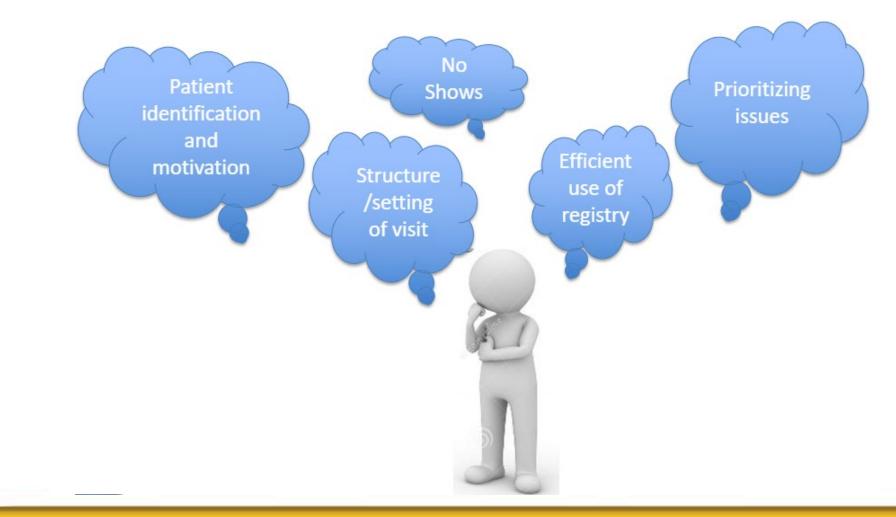
 Anticipate barriers and potential solutions to implementation of an interprofessional team-care approach

Enhanced Care Treatment Approach

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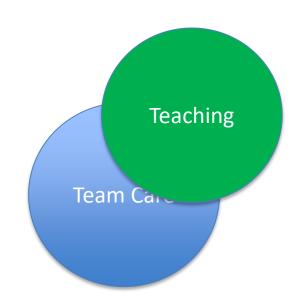
Challenges and Solutions



Barriers and Opportunities



Harmonizing Teaching





Harmonizing Teaching

Learning In Vivo

- Medical residents/students
- Pharmacy residents/students
- Behavioral health:
 - Psychology externs
 - MSW students
 - Counseling students



Harmonizing Teaching

Learning in Didactics

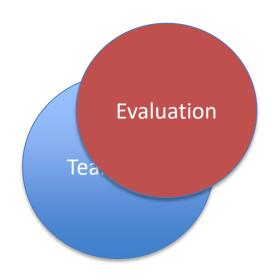
- Third Year Medical Students
- New Residents and Students (across disciplines)
- New Faculty

Institutional Teaching: IPE Grand Rounds

First IPE Grand Rounds audience comprised of:

- The VP for Health Sciences and the Dean of Quillen COM
- Faculty and residents from Family Medicine and Pediatrics
- Faculty and students from the College of Medicine
- Faculty and students from the College of Pharmacy
- Faculty and students from Psychology
- Faculty and students from the College of Clinical and Rehabilitative Sciences
- Faculty from the College of Nursing
- Faculty and students from the College of Public Health

Harmonizing Evaluation



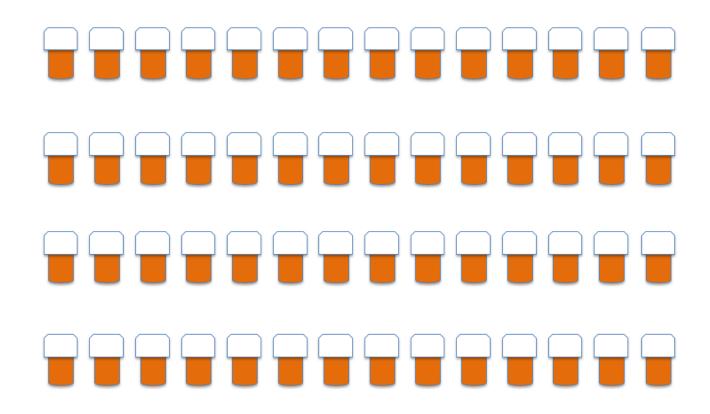


Hospitalizations

8 hospitalizations in 2016-2017

- Unhealthy diet
- Complex social determinants
- Medication nonadherence

56 Total Medication Bottles



Patient Example

HPI

- 50-year-old white male
- CC: establishment with the enhanced care team.
- Fluctuations in blood sugar, weakness, persistent SOB, and occasional chest pain, which is relieved with nitroglycerin.
- Patient goal: lose weight.
 - Currently eating two large plates of carb-heavy foods for three meals per day.
- Personal stressors at home (social and financial)
- Hospitalized eight times in the past two years

Specialists on Board

- Allergy/Immunology
- Cardiology
- Endocrinology
- Family Medicine
- Infectious disease
- Orthopedic surgery
- Ophthalmology
- Podiatry

PMH

Angina pectoris

Anxiety/Depression

Coronary artery disease s/p

stent x10 and CABG

Cardiomyopathy

COPD

Heart failure with preserved

ejection fraction

Chronic urinary retention with

self- catheterization

Hyperlipidemia

Hyperparathyroidism

Hypertension

Insomnia

Type 2 diabetes mellitus

Albuminuria

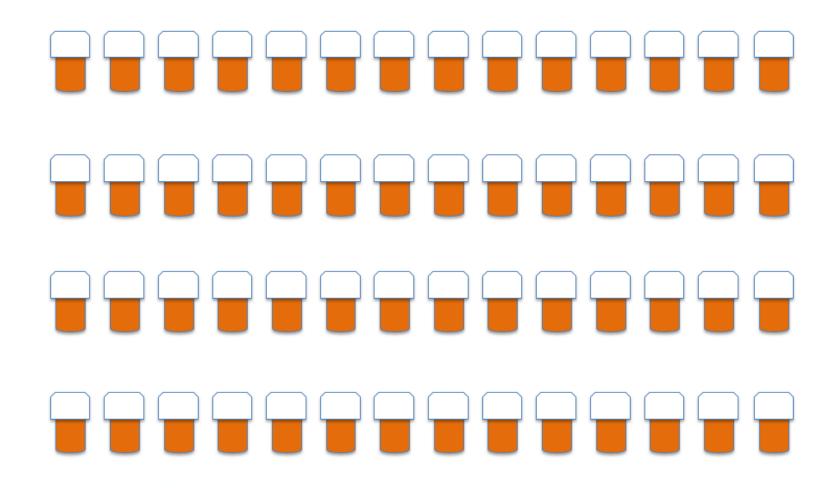
Obstructive sleep apnea

Patient Example

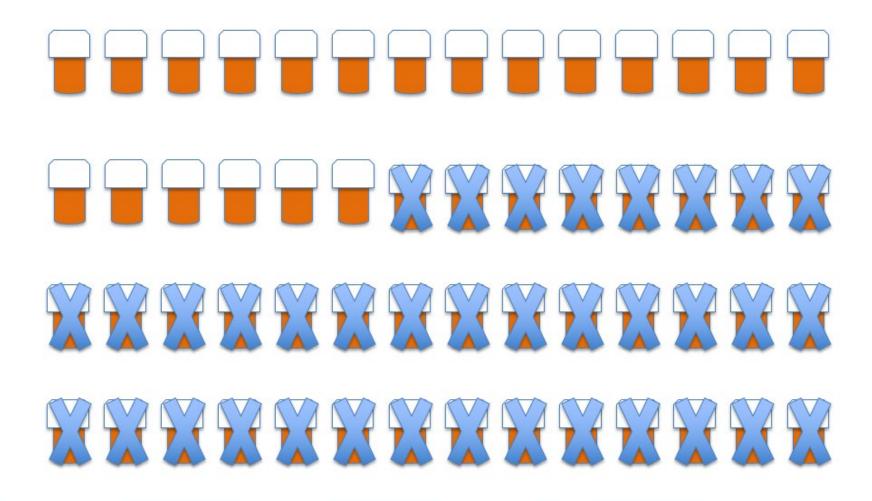
- Send home with only medications patient should take
- Calorie counting with My Fitness Pal app
- Patient to attend health coaching/healthy living support group
- Plan to adjust medications at future visits to see pharmacist each week after health coaching
- Meetings with behavioral health consultants to improve coping
- Tracking visits/goals in registry



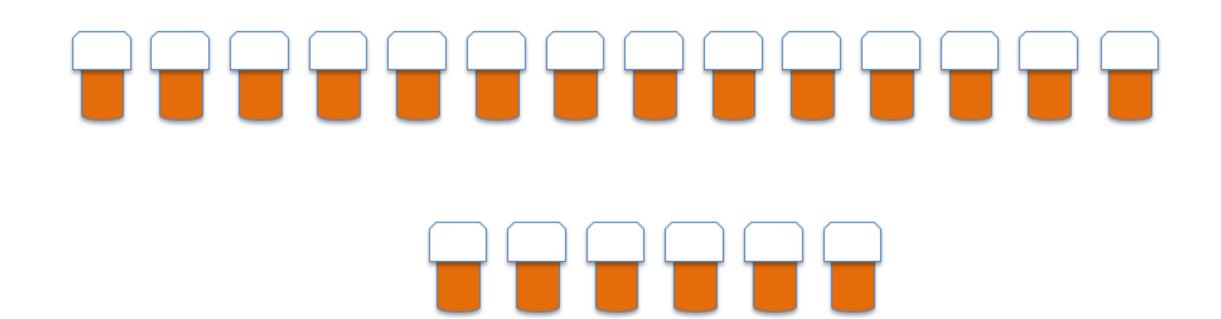
Total Number of Med Bottles = 56



Decreased Number of Medications by 36



Result 20 medications vs 56



Hospitalizations

8 hospitalizations in 2016-2017

- Unhealthy diet
- Complex social determinants
- Medication nonadherence

ZERO

hospitalizations in 2018!!

- Healthier diet and 30 lbs lost!
- Stable home situation
- Adherent to meds

Improved Quality of Life







Harmonizing Evaluation

- Strong Quality Improvement Process
- Clinical Intervention based on literature
- Baked measures into clinical process

Harmonizing Evaluation

- Pre/Post Measures
 - ED/hospital visits
 - Patient Centered Assessment Method (PCAM)
 - Patient Activation Measure (PAM)
 - Patient Health Status (SF-36)

- Process Measures
 - Sessions
 - Types of visits
 - Goals

PCAM

Health and Well-being			
None 1	Mild/vague but no impact 5	Moderate to severe 12	Severe needs with significant impact 6
Social Environment			
None	Some inconsistency and dissatisfaction	Some concerns about safety, security, and restrictions	Unsafe, unstable environment with significant impact on mood and social functioning
0	1	17	3
Health Literacy and Communication			
None	Good communication but with barriers	Difficulties with communication	Serious difficulties
2	6	3	1
Service Coordination			
None	Services in place	Gaps in care	Significant fragmentation and missing care 2
0	2	8	

Patient Visits

Number of visits per patient:

Range: 1-21; Average: 13

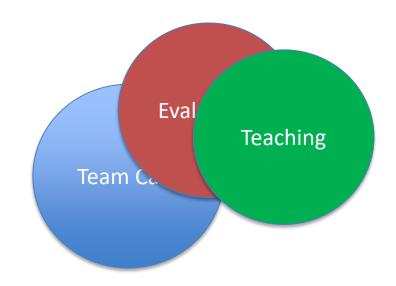
Patient Goals

- Actively participate in care/goals and will attend all appointments
- Put self first, example: spa days twice a week
- Increase social activities
- Apply for resources-gas voucher and utility assistance
- Meet with BH at every visit
- Stop drinking
- Healthier food choices and increase energy-eat more veggies
- Increase energy-be able to play with grandchildren and go fishing
- I will keep all of my appointments-recording in planner.
- Increase social interaction by visiting friends
- Increase food supply by utilizing food pantries in area
- Increase socialization; get more comfortable getting out and going places alone
- Patient willing for additional assistance within home, apply for Choices
- · Home visit to be done and meds to be limited and reviewed for better understanding.
- Manage DM better
- Manage Pain



Presentations

- Williams, S., Tewell, R., Wykoff, M. Holt, J., & Polaha, J., (October, 2019). Harmonizing clinical, teaching, & research aims: Team care for complex patients. Presentation accepted to the annual conference of the Collaborative Family Healthcare Association. Denver, Colorado.
- Williams, A., Holt, J., Wykoff, M., Metzger, K., Tewell, R., (January, 2019). IPE Grand Rounds Presentation. East Tennessee State University. Johnson City, TN.
- Buselmeier, B., Highsmith, M., Gilreath, J., Porambo, M., Smith, C, & Polaha, J. (December, 2018). A team approach to patients with complex health and social needs in primary care. Paper presented at the Society for Teachers of Family Medicine Practice Improvement Conference. Tampa, FL.



Questions





Session Survey

Use the CFHA mobile app to complete the survey/evaluation for this session.



Conference Resources

Slides and handouts shared by our conference presenters are available on the CFHA website at

https://www.cfha.net/page/Resources_2019 and on the conference mobile app.





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- 6. Sunderji, N. (2018). A vision for the future of *Families, Systems, & Health*: Focusing on science at the point of care delivery. *Families, Systems, & Health, 36(4), 423-426*.



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